

## WEIGHT DIVISIONS AND MAKING WEIGHT

#### 1. WEIGHT DIVISIONS

Fighters shall compete in weight divisions as approved by the PRB – Commonly used examples provided below:

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SUPERBANTAMWEIGHT	(104 LBS/47.2 KG & BELOW)
FEATHERWEIGHT	(104.1-108 LBS/47.2-48.9 KG)
LIGHTWEIGHT	(108.1-112 LBS/49.0-50.8 KG)
SUPERLIGHTWEIGHT	(112.1-116 LBS/50.9-52.6 KG)
LIGHT WELTERWEIGHT	(116.1-120 LBS/52.7-54.4 KG)
WELTERWEIGHT	(120.1-125 LBS/54.5-56.6 KG)
SUPERWELTERWEIGHT	(125.1-130 LBS/56.7-58.9 KG)
LIGHT MIDDLEWEIGHT	(130.1-136 LBS/59.0-61.6 KG)
MIDDLEWEIGHT	(136.1-142 LBS/61.7-64.4 KG)
SUPERMIDDLEWEIGHT	(142.1-149 LBS/64.5-67.5 KG)
LIGHT HEAVYWEIGHT	(149.1-156 LBS/67.6-70.7 KG)
LIGHT CRUISERWEIGHT	(156.1-164 LBS/70.8-74.4 KG)
CRUISERWEIGHT	(164.1-172 LBS/74.5-78.0 KG)
SUPERCRUISERWEIGHT	(172.1-182 LBS/78.1-82.5 KG)
HEAVYWEIGHT	(182.1-195 LBS/82.6-88.4 KG)
SUPERHEAVYWEIGHT	(195.1 LBS/88.5 KG & ABOVE)

## WOMEN:

Same weight categories and weight differences than for the men, with the exceptions, that when a fight do not include any titles or championships, the following weight categories and weight difference are allows.

# Weight differences allow.

\*All categories 4.55kg (10 lbs) except for 90,9 kg and more (200.1 lbs and more) No weight restrictions (use experience and age)

100 LBS/45.4 KG & BELOW 100.1-110.0 LBS/45.5-50.0 KG 110.1-120 LBS/50.1-54.5 KG 120.1-130 LBS/54.6-59.1 KG 130.1-140 LBS/59.2-63.5 KG 140.1-150 LBS/63.6-68.1 KG 150.1-160 LBS/68.2-72.6 KG 160.1-170 LBS/72.7-77.1 KG 170.1-180 LBS/77.2-81.7 KG 180.1-190 LBS/81.8-86.2 KG 190.1-200 LBS/86.3-90.8 KG 200.1 LBS/90.9 KG & ABOVE

#### 2. WEIGHT TIME

Fighters will be weighed on or before the day of the match, at a time to be determined by and on scales approved by the presiding regulatory body or commission (PRB). All weights stripped.

#### 3. MAKING WEIGHT - NON-TITLE BOUTS

In non-title professional bouts, if a fighter fails to make the weight specified in their contract, they will be allowed to reweigh (or not) according to the terms established by the PRB. Generally, there is a one (1) lb. allowance for making weight for a non-title match.

#### 4. MAKING WEIGHT - TITLE BOUTS

In title bouts, if a fighter cannot make weight at the prescribed time, he will be allowed to re-weigh according to the terms prescribed by the PRB. If a fighter cannot make weight at the final "official" weigh-in opportunity and that fighter is the champion, the title will be declared vacant. The bout may ensue if the fighters are within the allowable weight spread. Should the challenger win the bout, he will become champion. In the event the former champion wins the bout, the title will be declared vacant. In either case, the fighter who cannot make weight will also be subject to purse penalties as specified by either the contract or the regulations established by the PRB.

### 5. MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE WEIGHT SPREADS

There is a maximum allowable weight spread for each weight division. The maximum allowable weight spread, as defined by the PRB, is the difference in weight between two fighters outside of which they will not be able to compete against each other.